

PACKING AND SERVICING INSTRUCTION
FOR THE IRVIN-GQ LTD
EMERGENCY PARACHUTE ASSEMBLY TYPE EB80
MRI IRV 844

Issue 2

Sep 02

AMENDMENT RECORD

1 All new material inserted by amendment action will be signified by vertical lines in margins indicating the amended text or figure.

2 The page holding the amended material will be marked with the Amendment Number in the bottom left hand corner.

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WARNINGS

YOU CAN SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCE THE RISK BY ENSURING THAT EACH COMPONENT OF THE SYSTEM HAS BEEN ASSEMBLED AND PACKED IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS, BY OBTAINING PROPER INSTRUCTION IN THE USE OF THIS SYSTEM, AND BY OPERATING EACH COMPONENT OF THE SYSTEM IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL. HOWEVER, PARACHUTE SYSTEMS SOMETIMES FAIL TO OPERATE EVEN WHEN PROPERLY PACKED AND OPERATED SO THAT YOU RISK SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH EACH TIME YOU USE THE SYSTEM

NO RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE ACCEPTED BY THE COMPANY FOR INCORRECT FUNCTIONING OF THIS ASSEMBLY:

- (1) IF NOT PACKED AS DETAILED IN THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL**
- (2) IF ANY UNAUTHORISED MODIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT ON ANY PART OF THE ASSEMBLY.**
- (3) RE-PACKING OF THIS ASSEMBLY MUST BE UNDERTAKEN BY A CERTIFIED FAA/BPA RIGGER OR FOREIGN EQUIVALENT**
- (4) REPAIR OF DAMAGED ASSEMBLIES MUST BE UNDERTAKEN BY EITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR CERTIFIED FAA/BPA RIGGER OR FOREIGN EQUIVALENT**

LIFING LIMITATIONS

The finite life of the parachute assembly is 15 years from the date of manufacture subject to serviceability. To ensure the continued safety it is essential that the parachute assembly and log card is returned to the Irvin-GQ Ltd Quality Manager when it is 10 years old. Irvin-GQ Ltd will then undertake a thorough inspection of the assembly and subject to its continuing good condition, revalidate it for its full life of 15 years.

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PACKING INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE IRVIN-GQ EMERGENCY PARACHUTE

ASSEMBLY TYPE EB80

INTRODUCTION

1 This document details the sequence of procedures to be carried out during the packing of the Emergency Parachute Assembly Type EB80.

DESCRIPTION AND LIST OF COMPONENTS

PARACHUTE

2 The IRVIN Type H112/1 parachute used with this assembly features a bi-conical canopy and an extended net skirt. The canopy is of block construction and comprises 20 gores, each made up of four panels. The parachute is conventionally hem rigged with 20 rigging lines terminating at two lift webs. Two control lines, attached to rigging lines No 3 and 18 respectively, provide the means of steering the parachute.

AUXILIARY PARACHUTE

3 The auxiliary parachute comprises a helical coiled spring enclosed in net panels surmounted by a circular canopy. The canopy and net panels are reinforced with tapes the ends of which are formed into a loop to provide a means of attachment to the vent of the main parachute. The apex is fitted with a cap to which a loop assembly, that forms part of the pack closure system, is assembled.

PACK AND HARNESS

4 The pack is integral with the harness and comprises a base and four flaps. Closure is by means of three soft loops which pass through the pack and are retained by a ripcord pin system located centrally under a protection flap at the outside wall of the pack base. The harness is of the three point closure type incorporating a webbing chest strap and quickly adjustable buckles on the leg straps. The ripcord assembly incorporates a non-crushable housing which is routed from the front of the harness, over the hand shoulder, to the top of the pack.

LIST OF COMPONENTS

5 The Emergency Parachute Assembly Type EB80 (Part No DL IAC-C13973) MRI IRV 844 comprises the following components.

Item	Nomenclature	Drawing No	Qty
1	Parachute Type H112/1	DL IAC-D14304	1
2	Connector link	IAC-B14307 or IAC-A12437	2
3	Irvin auxiliary parachute Type A124/1	DL IAC-D14303	1
4	Strop/sock assembly	DL IAC-C14305	1
5	Steering handle	IAC-B13970	2
6	Pack/harness assembly Type EB80	DL IAC-D14216	1
7	Auxiliary closure loops	IAC-B14132	1
8	Ripcord assembly	DL IAC-B13942	1
9	Washer (PTFE Nylon)	IAC-A14437	3
10	Carrying bag	DL IAC-D14314	1
The following items are supplied as optional extras:			
11	Lumbar pad	IAC-D14318	1
12	Comfort pad	DL IAC-D14315	1

MATERIALS AND PACKING AIDS

6 Materials and packing aids required to complete the packing operations are:

Ref No/NSN	Nomenclature	Specification	Qty
32B/8310-99-1250522	Thread, linen, No 18	GQ MS 1870	A/R
	Packing cord 1m long	MIL C 5040 Type IV (de-cored)	1
	Pulling up cord 2m long	MIL C 5040 Type IV (de-cored) or suitable equivalent	2
	Hook, packing		1
	Stick packing 50mm x 120mm x 3 mm thick		1
	Shot bag		A/R
	Packing fids		3
	Protective packing flaps		2
	Temporary packing pin		3
	Rubber bands 51mm x 6 mm	GQD41328	A/R

NOTE

The items in para 6 above are not supplied with an EB80 parachute assembly. Prices and delivery are available from Irvin-GQ Ltd, Isfryn Industrial Estate, Blackmill, Bridgend CF35 6EQ.

PREPARING THE AUXILIARY PARACHUTE

7

7.1 Position the auxiliary parachute on a clean packing table so that the cap lies nearest to the operator, then fold back the webbing skirt to expose the tunnel located across the diameter of the cap.

7.2 Refer to Fig 1, insert the packing stick through the tunnel, then in a similar manner the packing hook so that it lies between the packing stick and the inner side of the cap. Ensure that both the packing stick and hook emerge at the opposite side of the auxiliary cap.

7.3 Taking hold of the 1 m length of packing cord, pass one end through one of the auxiliary pack retaining loops located at either end of the closure loop assembly. Adjust the ends of packing cord until they are equal, then using the packing hook take both ends of the packing cord and pull these through the tunnel, Fig 2. Remove the packing hook from the cord and place to one side well clear of the auxiliary parachute.



Fig 1

7.4 Refer to Fig 2. Taking hold of both ends of cord, carefully pull the closure loop assembly into the tunnel between the packing stick and the cap ensuring that the touch tape on the closure loop assembly lies to the packing stick side.



Fig 2

7.5 Without disturbing the relative position of the closure loop assembly, carefully remove the packing stick from the tunnel and place this to one side well clear of the auxiliary parachute.

7.6 Secure the matching touch and close fasteners on the closure loop assembly and auxiliary cap by pressing down firmly on the top of the auxiliary cap. Ensure that the protruding loops are of equal length.

NOTE

Failure to achieve the above requirement will necessitate the repositioning of the closure loop assembly within the tunnel.

7.7 Withdraw the packing cord from the retaining loop and place this to one side well clear of the auxiliary parachute.

7.8 Referring to Fig. 2 and without disturbing the retaining loops, fold back the skirt passing the two loops through their respective holes in the skirt, adjacent to the tunnel.

PREPARING THE PARACHUTE

8

8.1 Lay the parachute on a clean packing table with the peripheral hem to the left of the operator. Fully extend the canopy and rigging lines and remove any twists or tangles.

8.2 Refer to Fig. 3. Taking hold of the auxiliary parachute, locate the eye at the base of the auxiliary then pass the small loop of the strop/sock assembly through the eye. Pass the apex sock at the opposite end of the strop through the small loop and pull up tight to form a larkshead knot.

NOTE

Ensure that the eye lies flat around the knot.



Fig 3



Fig 4

8.3 Refer to Fig. 4, locate the free end of the strop/sock assembly and draw back the apex sock to expose the large loop. In turn bring the vent lines together free from twists, then pass the large loop of the strop through all the vent lines. Pass the large loop over the auxiliary cap and auxiliary parachute fabric and netting. Draw the excess strop/sock assembly through the loop, and then ensuring that the vent lines lie flat, pull the strop up tight to form a larkshead knot.

NOTES

(1) On completion of the above operation, ensure that the larkshead knot lies flat and centrally disposed around the vent lines.

(2) Ensure that the apex of the canopy lies level and that each vent line is pulled up tight at either side of the larkshead knot.

8.4 Attach the vent lines to the hook at the head of the table and arrange the canopy so that gores 1 and 20 lie uppermost and gores 10 and 11 lie nearest to the table.

8.5 Carry out a rigging line sequence check by picking up lines 1 and 2 and lines 19 and 20 at the periphery and tracing them through to the connector links. Ensure that there is a clear run between the periphery and links without passing through or around any other lines.

NOTE

On completion of the above operation, lines 1 and 20 are to lie innermost, with the rigging lines fully extended to the left of operator.

8.6 If the lift webs are already attached, disregard paragraphs 8.6.1 to 8.6.6 but check the security of the locking bar and screw.

8.6.1 Refer to Fig. 5. Lay the lift webs on the packing table so that the inside of the pack is uppermost, and the loops for the rigging line connector links are adjacent to the links.

8.6.2 Locate the left-hand rigging line connector link and detach the bar.

NOTE

The locking screw has a left-hand thread and the bar has a separate right-hand thread. Each is to be removed in sequence individually.

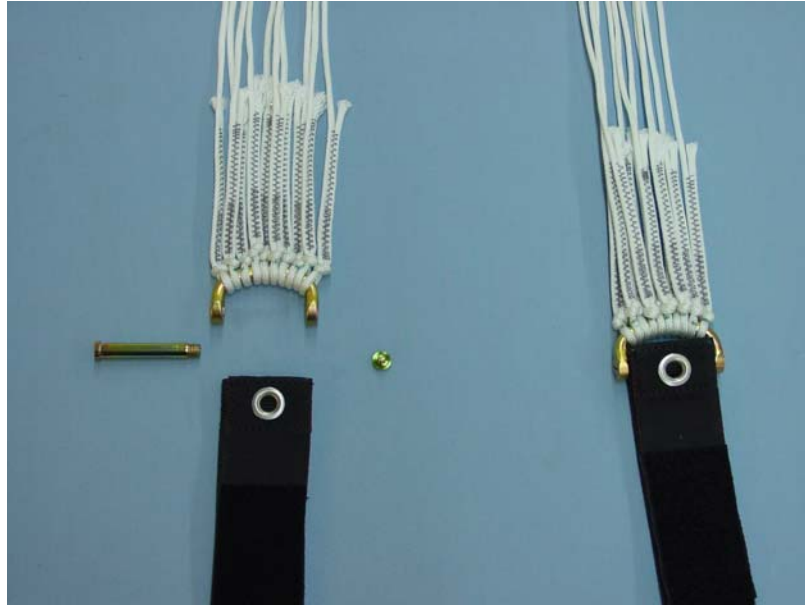


Fig 5

8.6.3 Ensuring that the rigging lines are in the correct sequence (line numbers 1 and 20 lie innermost) assemble the connector link to lift web by passing the locking bar through the connector link, from the outside inwards, then through the webbing loop and partially engage the threads by 1½ to 2 turns.

CAUTION

When completing the following operation, ensure that Loctite does not come into contact with any fabric elements of the assembly.

8.6.4 Carefully apply Loctite 221 to the female connector link threads, adjacent to the partially engaged locking bar, then fully engage the locking bar ensuring that any excess Loctite is wiped off.

8.6.5 Carefully apply Loctite 221 to the female locking screw threads on the connecting bar, then fully engage the locking screw and tighten.

NOTE

The locking screw has a left-hand thread and the use of an additional screwdriver is essential to ensure that when fully engaging the locking screw, the locking bar is not disturbed.

8.6.6 In a similar manner to the operations detailed in paras 8.6.1 to 8.6.5 attach the right-hand rigging line connector link to the right-hand lift web.

8.6.7 Refer to Fig 6, lay the lift web on the packing table so that the inside of the pack is uppermost, and the loops for the rigging line connectors links are adjacent to the links.

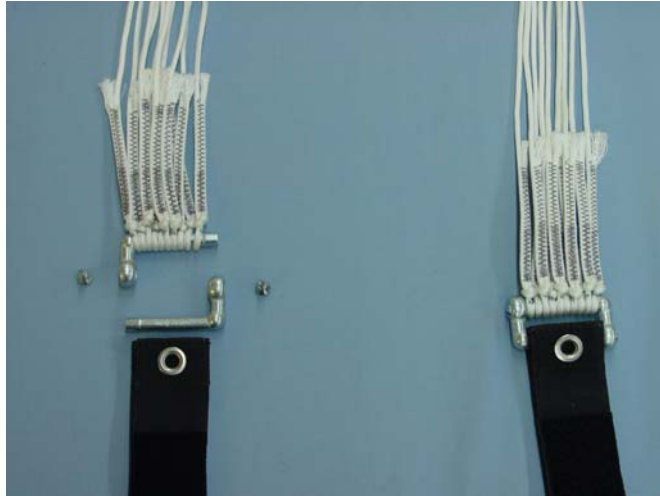


Fig 6

8.6.8 Locate the left-hand connector link and remove the locking screws and split the link.

8.6.9 Ensuring that the rigging lines are the correct sequence (line numbers 1 and 20 lie innermost) assemble the connector link to lift web by passing the inner bar through the lift web, from the inside outwards, attach the outer bar onto the inner bar.

CAUTION

When completing the following operation, ensure that Loctite does not come into contact with any fabric elements of the assembly.

8.6.10 Carefully apply Loctite 221 to the screw threads, then tightening the screws fully engage the inner and outer bars ensuring that any excess Loctite is wiped off.

8.6.11 In a similar manner to the operations detailed in paras 8.6.7 to 8.6.10 attach the right-hand rigging line connector to the right-hand lift web

8.6.12 Route the steering lines through the guide loops on the applicable lift webs. Fit and secure the steering handles as shown in Fig 7 and 7A.



Fig 7

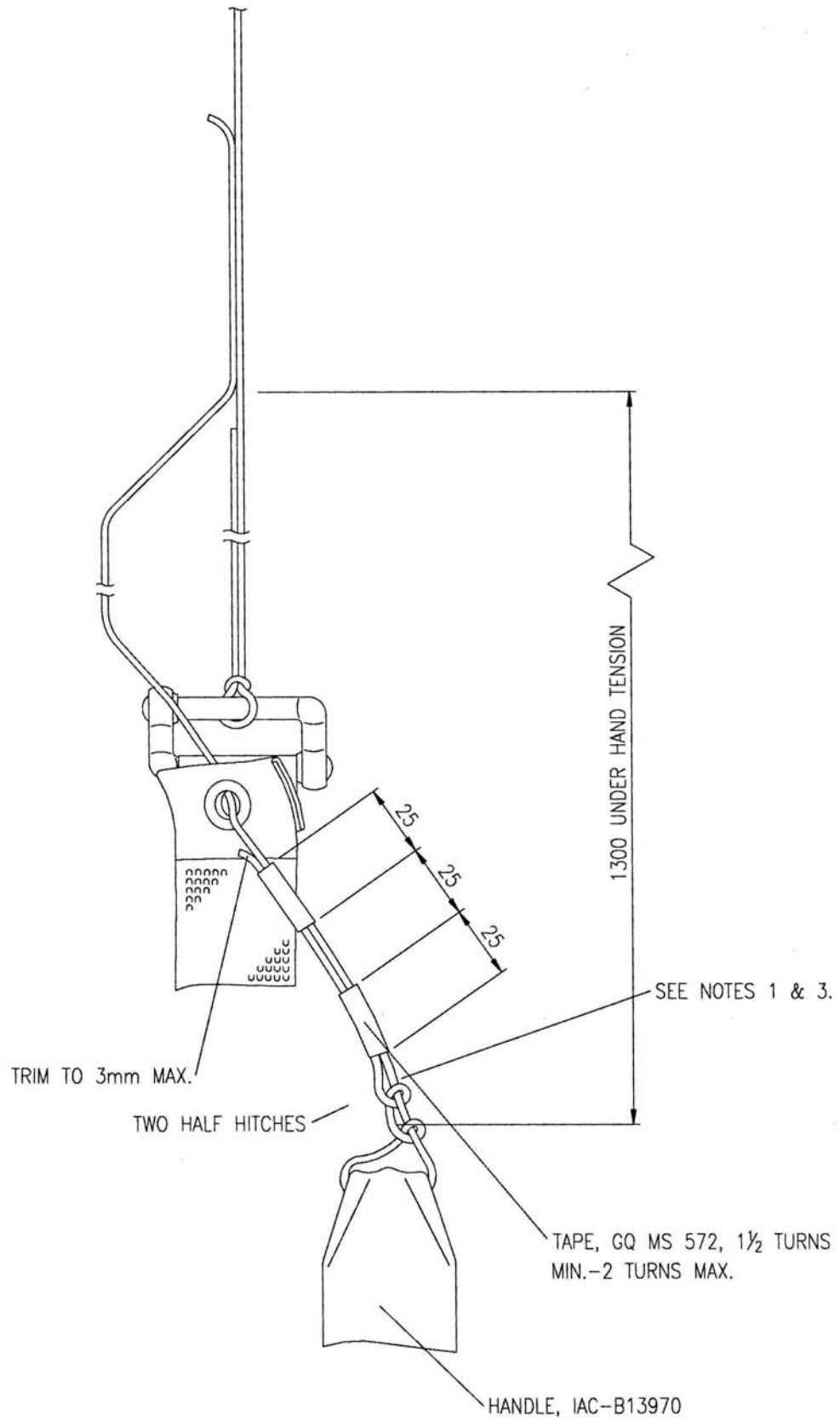


Fig 7A

PLEATING THE CANOPY

9

9.1 Ensure that the assembly is fully extended and that there are no twists or tangles in the rigging lines or lift webs.

9.2 Refer to Fig 8, group the rigging lines, holding them in position against the table and fold over gore Nos 11 to 20 to lie on top of gore Nos 1 to 10. Holding rigging line No 10 close to the peripheral hem, draw a fold in the centre of gore No 11 and lay the fold neatly on the packing table, ensuring line No 11 lies directly above line No 10. In turn, take hold of rigging lines 12 to 20 and draw a centre fold in each proceeding gore, laying the fold and its associated rigging line neatly on top of the previous folds and lines. Ensure the peripheral folds lie neatly, one on top of the other.



Fig 8

9.3 Dress out the folds along the length of the canopy between the peripheral hem and apex, then retain the folds on the right-hand side with shot-bags, as required.

9.4 Holding the right-hand group of rigging lines against the table and with the left hand, fold the left-hand group of gores over to lie on top of the pleated right-hand group of gores.

9.5 In a similar manner to the operations described for the right-hand side, pleat the left-hand side of the canopy with gore 10 nearest to the packing table. Continue pleating the canopy bringing over each gore and associated rigging line on top of the previous folds and lines, up to and including gore 1. Ensure that the peripheral hem folds lay neatly one on top of the other.

9.6 Generally smooth and dress the canopy fabric, so that it is evenly distributed and of uniform thickness. Ensure that the rigging lines are neatly grouped centrally together at the peripheral hem. Fig. 8 shows the canopy pleated.

FOLDING THE CANOPY

10

10.1 Refer to Fig. 9, locate the right-hand group of peripheral tapes and fold the pleated peripheral hem back so that it lies parallel with the main seam tapes. In a similar manner fold the left-hand group of peripheral tapes.



Fig 9

10.2 Refer to Fig. 10, fold the right-hand group of gores over towards the centre and then the left-hand group so that the effective width of the canopy is nominally one third of the original width. Retain the folds with shot-bags as necessary.



Fig 10

10.3 Refer to Fig 11. Working from the periphery to the apex of the canopy, remove the shot-bags, and in a similar manner to the operations detailed in para 10.2, fold the right-hand group of gores over towards the centre. Similarly, fold the left-hand group over and retain the folds of the canopy with shot-bags



Fig 11

10.4 Tidy the vent of the canopy by continuing the folds previously made up to the apex. Refer to Fig. 12. Holding the apex of the vent sock in one hand, draw the sock over the vent hem and on to the canopy by approximately 50 mm.



Fig 12

10.5 Working from the peripheral hem, place the palm of the hand onto the folded canopy and then carefully and slowly run the hand up the folded canopy to the apex, so that any air trapped in the folded canopy is expelled. Ensure that the canopy folds are not disturbed.

STOWING THE RIPCORDER HANDLE

11

11.1 Fold back the rip pin cover flap and locate the ripcord handle pocket on the left-hand shoulder strap. If the ripcord and handle have been separated from the pack, pass the rip pins through the tunnel secured to the left-hand side of the harness, until the three rip pins exit from the tunnel secured under the rip pin cover flap. Adjust the ripcord length so that the rip pin furthest from the tunnel lies level with the grommet nearest to the pack base.

11.2 If the ripcord handle is not already stowed, position the handle centrally in the pocket so that the widest side of the handle lies to the inner side. Retain the ripcord handle in position by mating the matching touch and close fasteners secured to the inner faces of the pocket.

STOWING THE RIGGING LINES

12

12.1 Before stowing the rigging lines, fold back the outer pack flaps under the pack so that the inner base lies uppermost. Locate the two exposed flaps with hooks secured to the inner pack top seam, and position over these the protective packing flaps of sufficient length to avoid any damage to the canopy material.

NOTE

The above operation will minimise damage to the canopy or lines as a result of contact with the touch tape hooks.

12.2 Before commencing the following operations, check that the rubber bands secured to the pack base are serviceable. If necessary, remove all unserviceable bands and replace with 51mm x 6 mm (2 in x ¼ in) GQD41328 rubber bands, secured in position by means of a larkshead knot.

12.3 Unhook the vent eye from the hook at the head of the table.

12.4 Carefully draw the lift webs into the pack and arrange the connector links to lie on their respective pads forward of the rubber band stowages.

12.5 Ensuring that the steering lines are free from twists or tangles check that the handles are secured correctly by means of the touch and close fasteners on the underside of the lift webs.

12.6 Refer to Fig. 13. Ensure the steering lines lie inboard of the tie. Separate the rigging lines on the left-hand rigging line connector link, nearest to the operator so that five lines lie to either side of the link location becket. Using a single length of No. 18 linen thread, pass one end through the location becket then under the link between the separated lines. Bring the end up through the link and draw the ends together. Tie off with a single reef knot and thumb knot. Trim off the excess ends of thread.



Fig 13

12.7 In a similar manner to the instructions detailed in para 12.6, make a tie around the rigging line connector link furthest from the operator.

12.8 Refer to Fig. 14. Rotate the pack 90 degrees clockwise then carefully draw the pleated and folded canopy towards the pack to allow a length of grouped rigging lines to be stowed in the right-hand stowage band furthest from the operator. In turn, draw a fold in the lines without twisting, through the right-hand stowage band bringing the end of the fold level with the side flap binding tape.



Fig 14

12.9 Referring to Fig. 15, bring the grouped lines leading from the first stowage across the pack base and make the second stowage of lines in a similar manner through the left-hand stowage band furthest from the operator



Fig 15

12.10 Referring to Fig. 16, and keeping the lines taut and free from tangles, continue stowing the lines in a zig-zag fashion across the pack until a length approximately 500 mm of rigging lines remains unstowed. As necessary, remove any unused stowage bands.



Fig 16

12.11 Referring to Fig. 17, part the stowed rigging lines between the sixth and seventh fold, then carefully, without disturbing the stowages separate the two groups of rigging lines and locate the two ends of the lower anti-sear flaps. Draw the two ends of the flap up between the two groups of rigging lines, ensuring that no lines are trapped between the two parts of the flap.

12.12 Refer to Fig. 17. Locate the three packing fids from the outer side inwards, through the grommets centrally disposed on the pack base.

12.13 Fold up the side flaps of the pack.



Fig 17

STOWING THE CANOPY

13

CAUTION

During the following sequence of operations, all shot-bags used in the pleating and folding of the canopy are to be removed as the work progresses and placed to one side, well clear of the parachute assembly.

13.1 Refer to Fig 18, carefully lift the periphery of the canopy and lead it over the left-hand side of the pack without twisting the folded gores and make a stowage in the bottom right-hand corner of the pack. Push the folded material well down into the corner and against the inside bottom wall of the pack.



Fig 18

13.2 Refer to Fig. 19. Turn the pack through 90 degrees counter-clockwise. Holding the periphery of the canopy in position, make a fold in the canopy at the bottom right-hand corner (as viewed) so that the fold lies at the corner then lead the unstowed portion of the folded canopy adjacent to the side of the pack nearest to the operator. Ensure that the fold made is pushed well down into the corner. Locate the lower part of the anti-tear flap leading from between the stowed rigging lines and pull this up clear of the canopy folds.



Fig 19

13.3 Referring to Fig. 20, fold the canopy approximately 25 mm, inward of the left-hand end of the pack and lay the canopy on top of the previously stowed fold. Ensure that the canopy lies between the centre and near side of the pack.



Fig 20

13.4 Referring to Fig 20, fold the canopy at the bottom right-hand (as viewed) corner, leading the remaining canopy between the lower and middle packing fids. Make a further fold at the top right-hand (as viewed) corner, to the left of the peripheral hem, then lead the canopy along the far side of the pack. Locate the remaining 5 anti sear flaps and pull up clear of the canopy.

13.5 Refer to Fig. 21. Fold the unstowed canopy approximately 25 mm from the top left-hand (as viewed) corner back, so that it lies on the previously stowed fold.



Fig 21

13.6 Refer to Fig. 21. Fold the canopy at the top right-hand (as viewed) corner and stow the folds well into the corner. Lead the canopy on top of the previously stowed fold towards the top left-hand (as viewed). Ensure the anti sear flaps remain clear.

13.7 Refer to Fig. 22. Make a further fold in the canopy approximately 150 mm past the top of the pack and lead the canopy back across the pack to the top right-hand (as viewed) corner. Locate the mouth of the apex sock centrally on the previous fold. Make a further fold in the apex sleeve midway between the mouth and apex of the sleeve. Lead the auxiliary strop off towards the left-hand (as viewed) side of the pack, free from twists or tangles.



Fig 22

13.8 Refer to Fig. 22. In turn, locate the middle and upper anti-sear flaps and lay them over the stowed parachute, ensuring that two folds of the canopy lie nearest to the operator and the remaining folds lie furthest from the operator.

CLOSING THE PACK

14

14.1 Refer to Fig 23, fold over the lower pack flap onto the stowed periphery and retain in position by locating the centrally disposed grommet over the lowermost packing fid.



Fig 23

14.2 In turn, locate the left-hand, nearest packer, outside flap grommets over their respective packing fids.

14.3 Refer to Fig 24. Ensure the fastener does not come into contact with the fabric canopy. Fold the protruding canopy at the top of the pack 90° into the pack so that it lies centrally between the stowed folds.

14.4 Refer to Fig 24. Remove the packing flap and place to one side well clear of the parachute assembly.



Fig 24

14.5 Refer to Fig 25. Fold over the top left hand touch tape onto the stowed canopy so that the fastener lies uppermost. Taking hold of the top of the left hand side flap, fold it over and mate the matching touch and close fasteners on the flaps.



Fig 25

14.6 In a similar manner fold over the top right hand flap onto the stowed canopy, then mate the touch and close fasteners on the side flap with the flap folded onto the canopy.

14.7 Refer to Fig 26 fold over the outer right hand, farthest from packer, side flap locating the middle and upper grommets over their respective packing fids. Ensure that the auxiliary parachute strop leads out below the upper and middle packing fids.

14.8 Refer to Fig 26. Taking hold of one of the pulling up cords, pass one end through the lower pack closure loop and adjust the ends so that they are of equal length.



Fig 26

14.9 Arrange the auxiliary parachute onto the packing table to the far side of the pack, with the base lying between the middle and upper packing fids. Ensure that the auxiliary parachute strop is free from twists or tangles.

14.10 Locate the two remaining pulling up cords, then in turn, pass one end of each pulling up cord through the pack closure loops attached to the auxiliary parachute. In turn lead the cords through the slot in the middle and upper packing fids.

14.11 Make a series of folds, approximately 100 mm in length, in the strop emerging from between the pack flaps. Lay each fold centrally on the pack between the upper and middle packing fid.

14.12 Place the base of the auxiliary parachute spring centrally on top of the strop with the closure loops aligned with the packing fids. Carefully compress the spring, tucking the auxiliary material in between the coils of the spring, so that the auxiliary cap lies on the pack flaps retained in position by hand. Ensure that none of the auxiliary material is trapped beneath the spring and that all material is clear of the top and middle packing fids.

14.13 Retaining the auxiliary parachute in position by hand, carefully turn the pack over so that the auxiliary parachute cap is nearest to the table. Taking a firm hold of the packing fids, pull them through the grommets so that the pulling up cords lead from each grommet.

14.14 Retaining the pack in position by hand, remove the three packing fids from the pulling up cords and place to one side well clear of the assembly.

14.15 Refer to Fig 27. Commencing with the uppermost pack cord, pull the closure loop through, ensuring that no canopy material is visible and insert a temporary rip pin.



Fig 27

14.16 In a similar manner to the operations detailed in para 14.15 insert a temporary rip pin through the middle and lower closure loops. Ensure no canopy material is visible.

14.17 Taking hold of one of the washers, pass the free ends of pulling up cord, leading from the uppermost grommet through the washer from the radiused side outwards, so that the slot lies uppermost when positioned on the pack. Route the washer down the cord until it lies on the temporary rip pin.

14.18 Taking hold of the uppermost packing cord, tension the loop and remove the temporary rip pin. Locate the washer centrally in the grommet so that the slot is vertical. Retaining the washer in position pull the closure loop through the pack and washer, then insert the upper rip pin through the loop.

NOTE

on completion of the above operation ensure that the upper rip pin shank is enclosed within the ripcord housing before inserting the remaining pins (see Fig 28)

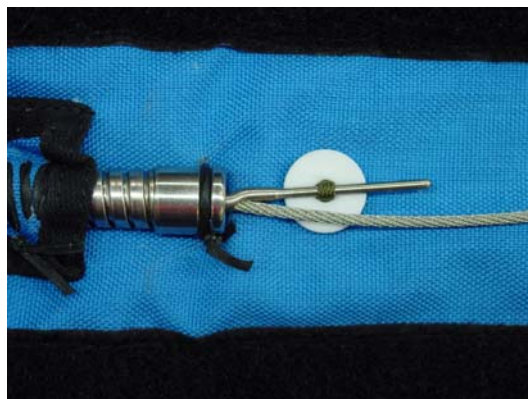


Fig 28

14.19 Refer to Fig 29. In a similar manner to the operations detailed in para 14.17 and 14.18 pull the middle closure loop through, assemble a nylon washer, remove the temporary rip pin and retain in position by inserting the middle rip pin.

14.20 Refer to Fig 29. Locate the lower pulling up cord and in a similar manner to para 14.17 and 14.18 pull the closure loop through, assemble a nylon washer, remove the temporary rip pin and insert the rip in to its full extent of travel.



Fig 29

14.21 Remove the pulling up cords by leading the lower end under the free end of the rip pin then carefully withdrawing the cords from the closure loops. Place the three cords and temporary rip pins to one side well clear of the assembly.

TIDYING THE PACK

15

15.1 Refer to Fig 30. Turn the pack over so that the auxiliary parachute is uppermost. Using a packing stick stow the corners of the lower flap under the left and right-hand side flaps.



Fig 30

15.2 Turn the pack through 180°. Carefully locate the stowed folds of the canopy at either side of the pack and ensure that they lie to the sides of the compressed auxiliary parachute.

15.3 Refer to Fig 30. Ensuring that the auxiliary parachute has not moved, neatly tuck in any remaining auxiliary parachute material underneath the cap, then tuck in the cap skirt to cover the auxiliary canopy.

15.4 Gently pummel the pack to distribute the bulk evenly.

15.5 Refer to Fig 31. Turn the pack over then fold over the looped fastener flaps on the left and right-hand shoulder strap onto the harness so that the fasteners lie uppermost. In turn, pull the side flaps over the shoulders of the harness and mate the matching touch and close fasteners on the inside edge.



Fig 31

SECURING THE LOWER RIPCORD PIN

16

16.1 Refer to Fig 32. Carefully take up the slack in the ripcord cable at the operating handle end, then without disturbing the stowage of the handle, insert the free end of the cable into the pocket between the touch and close fasteners so that it lies along side the handle. Secure the free length of cable in position by again mating the matching touch and close fasteners.

COMPLETING THE ASSEMBLY

17

17.1 Refer to Fig 32. Fold the protection flap over the rip pins and secure in position with the matching touch and close fasteners.



Fig 32

- 17.2 As necessary, gently pummel the pack into neat compact shape.
- 17.3 Ensure that all packing aids used during the packing operations have been accounted for.
- 17.4 Packing of the Irvin-GQ Emergency Parachute Assembly Type EB80 is complete. Fig 32 shows the packed assembly.

APPENDIX A
MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
CONTENTS

Para	
1	General
2	Unpacking
9	Cleaning
10	Examination
16	Testing
17	Packing
19	Fault diagnosis and rectification
20	Preservation

GENERAL

1 The following instructions detail the procedures for carrying out a scheduled maintenance check on the parachute assembly.

UNPACKING

2 When unpacking is necessary, don the parachute in accordance with the User Manual then operate the ripcord handle ensuring that the area to the rear of the wearer is clear. This operation will give the wearer an opportunity to assess the 'feel' of the parachute when operated.

3 Alternatively, place the parachute assembly, pack flaps and auxiliary parachute uppermost, on a clean packing table.

4 Simulate the natural opening of the parachute assembly by placing a hand firmly on the auxiliary parachute to restrain the spring, then operating the ripcord handle to its full extent of travel.

5 Fully extend the parachute along the packing table.

6 Withdraw the rigging lines from the stowage bands.

7 Carefully cut and remove the thread ties between the lift webs and the loops on the base of the pack.

8 Hang the parachute and auxiliary parachute to air or dry, as necessary.

9 Obtain the nylon washers from the ripcord protection flap and store until required for packing

CLEANING

9 Localised cleaning of the parachute, harness, pack and metal fittings is to comply generally with the requirements detailed below.

CAUTIONS

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. Dry cleaning or treatment with spirit, detergents, disinfectants, bleaches, carbolic or coal tar soaps must not be used to remove obstinate dirt. Material is not to be flexed by rubbing two adjacent areas together as the common method of washing textiles.

9.1 Canopy.

9.1.1 Carefully wipe clean the area using a clean sponge or cloth dampened with water and any one of the following soaps (Castile, Sunlight, Fairy or Lux).

9.2 Pack and Harness.

9.2.1 Pack and harness may be cleaned, except in the vicinity of rigging line attachments, by gently scrubbing with a soft brush using water and any one of the soaps listed in para 9.1.1. Mud should be allowed to dry and then cleaned off with a bristle brush (not wire).

9.3 Metal fittings.

9.3.1 Metal fittings are to be free from damage, corrosion, mud, dust, grit and oil.

9.3.2 Mud, dust and other foreign matter may be removed by cleaning with a bristle brush (not wire) when dry.

9.4 Complete Packed Assembly.

9.4.1 Mud should be allowed to dry and then be removed by cleaning with a bristle brush (not wire).

EXAMINATION

10 Auxiliary Parachute and Auxiliary Strop.

10.1 Examine spring for breakage, distortion and deterioration.

10.2 Examine fabric and netting for damage and contamination.

10.3 Examine the pack closure loops for damage and security to the auxiliary cap.

10.4 Examine tapes for damage and broken stitching.

10.5 Examine the auxiliary strop for contamination, damage and security to the auxiliary parachute eye.

11 Canopy.

11.1 Ensure life parachute is not expired.

11.2 Ensure serial number agrees with number on log card.

11.3 Examine fabric for contamination.

11.4 Examine vent tapes for security.

11.5 Examine apex, peripheral hem and net skirt.

11.6 Examine all stitching for broken threads and security.

11.7 Examine each gore for damage and wear.

11.8 Examine fabric for holes, tears and general distortion.

12 Rigging Lines.

12.1 Remove any twists and tangles.

12.2 Ensure attached in the correct sequence.

Rigging Line Sequence at Connector Links

10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
Left-hand side (as worn)										Right-hand side (as worn)										
Rigging Line Connector Link										Rigging Line Connector Link										

12.3 Examine each line for security, pulled and/or broken threads

NOTE

Protruding loops of core threads may be pushed back into the casing using a suitable blunt tool.

12.4 Examine attachment at peripheral hem and at rigging line connector links.

12.5 Ensure stitching is serviceable.

13 Harness.

13.1 Examine all straps for general wear, broken stitching and contamination.

13.2 Examine ripcord handle stowage pocket for damage and security of touch and close fasteners.

14 Ripcord Assembly.

14.1 Examine ripcord housing for damage and for security of attachments to harness and pack.

14.2 Examine ripcord cable for corrosion, kinking and security of protective sleeve.

14.3 Examine rip pins for security, damage and distortion.

14.4 Examine ripcord handle for damage and security.

NOTE

Repairs to the ripcord assembly or housing are not permissible. If upon examination the ripcord assembly shows any evidence of a frayed, broken, distorted or corroded cable, damaged or distorted rip pins or handle, then the ripcord assembly is to be withdrawn from use. Damage to the ripcord housing also requires withdrawal from use.

15 Pack.

15.1 Examine all pack fabric for wear, tears, holes and contamination.

15.2 Examine rigging line stowage bands for security and wear.

TESTING

16

16.1 Ripcord Assembly.

16.1.1 Test the ripcord assembly for freedom and ease of operation.

PACKING

- 17 Repack the parachute assembly for use as detailed in this packing instruction.

NOTE

The packing operations detailed in this packing instruction should only be carried out by a type approved packer. (see user manual)

FAULT DIAGNOSIS AND RECTIFICATION

- 18 Faults arising in the ripcord assembly, auxiliary parachute spring, snap hooks and rigging line connector links require such items to be withdrawn from use. Other items found to be defective require rectification before packing the parachute assembly for use.

PRESERVATION AND STORAGE

- 19 The emergency parachute assembly is to be stored in a clean, dry environment at normal room temperature, away from direct sunlight. Ideal storage conditions would be a temperature of 55°F and humidity of 50%.
- 20 If the emergency parachute assembly becomes damp/wet, then it is to be unpacked in accordance with para 2 and hung to air before being repacked,
- 21 If the emergency parachute assembly is left in the cockpit, it should be shielded from the sun and daylight when not in use.