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ALON ** Duners Manual

and Reserve Parachute
220 packing instructions



\$25.00

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| WARNING | 7 J | 2 |
|------------------|--|----|
| DISCLAIM | MER | 4 |
| SERIAL N | UMBER AND DATE OF MANUFACTURE RECORD | 5 |
| Section 1 | - General Information | 7 |
| 1.1 | TALON FS TSO | |
| 1.2 | Certification rigger qualifications | |
| 1.3 | "Am I qualified to jump this equipment?" | |
| 1.4 | Customer service | |
| 1.5 | Table I - Parts list | |
| Section 2 | - Component Compatibility | 13 |
| 2.1 | Canopy compatibility | |
| 2.2 | Reserve compatibility | |
| 2.3 | Volume | |
| 2.4 | Deployment type | |
| 2.5 | Orange warning label placard data | |
| 2.6 | Industry speed and weight limitations | |
| Section 3 | - User Information | 17 |
| 3.1 | Main container packing instructions | |
| 3.2 | 3-Ring release assembly | |
| 3.3 | Reserve static line lanyard system | |
| 3.4 | Harness adjustments and fitting | |
| 3.5 | Maintenance procedures | |
| 3.6 | Rig cleaning - Table III - Cordura® - recommended stain removal method | S |
| Section 4 | - Rigger Information | 34 |
| 4.1 | Orange warning label placard data | |
| 4.2 | Parachute assembly inspection form | |
| 4.3 | Ram-air reserve packing instructions | |
| | 4.3.1 Assembling reserve system | |
| | 4.3.2 Closing loop lengths | |
| | 4.3.3 Cypres AAD reserve installation | |
| | 4.3.4 Folding reserve parachute | |

WARNING!

1. Training and/or experience are required to lower the risk of serious bodily injury or death.

NEVER use this equipment unless you have:

A. Read the warning label and completed a "controlled program of instruction" in the use of this parachute assembly.

- OR-

- B. Read the warning label and all appropriate owners / flight manuals, packing instructions and completed at least 100 ram-air parachute jumps.
- 2. Lower the risk of death, serious injury, canopy damage and hard openings by never exceeding the limits shown on the warning label.

Warning labels may be found in the following locations:

Ram-Air parachute- center cell top skin at trailing edge.

Harness/Container System- backpad.

!!! WARNING !!!

BODY FLYING ATTITUDES (FREEFLYERS)

Some body positions (i.e. head down, stand up, and long dives) may enable the user to reach speeds and attitudes, beyond those for which your equipment has been designed and tested.

Premature or unintentional deployments in these body positions, even if you are below the maximum placarded deployment speed, are extremely dangerous.

Parachute systems are designed to operate within specific weight and speed parameters, while oriented in a body position ranging from "belly to earth" to a slightly "head high" attitude.

Deployments outside of these parameters could cause one or all of the following:

- Extremely hard openings resulting in equipment failure
- Severe bodily injury
- Possible harness failure or ejection from the harness
- Canopy damage, malfunction or death!

DISCLAIMER - NO WARRANTY

Because of the unavoidable danger associated with the use of the TALON FS parachute system, the manufacturer makes NO WARRANTY, either expressed or implied. The system is sold with all faults and without any warranty of fitness for any purpose. Manufacturer also disclaims any liability in tort of damages, direct or consequential, including personal injuries resulting from a defect in design, material or workmanship or manufacturing whether caused by negligence on the part of the manufacturer or otherwise. By using this system, or allowing it to be used by others, the buyer WAIVES any liability of or the manufacturer for personal injuries or other damages arising from such use.

If the buyer declines to waive liability on the part of the manufacturer, buyer may obtain a full refund of the purchase price by returning the system, **before it is used**, to the manufacturer within 15 days of the date of the original purchase with a letter stating why it was returned.

!!! WARNING !!!

You can substantially reduce risk by ensuring that each component of the system has been assembled and packed in strict compliance with the manufacturer's instructions, by obtaining proper instruction in the use of this system, and by operating each component of the system in strict compliance with owner's manual. However, parachute systems sometimes fail to operate properly even when properly assembled, packed and operated so that you risk serious injury or death each time you use the system.

DANGER

Each time you use this parachute system you risk serious bodily injury or death.

DANGER

| TALON FS P/N 6111 - (5) S/N _ | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | |
| | |
| DATE OF MANUFACTURE: _ | |

REVISION DATE: JUNE 2004

Manufactured by:

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This manual designed and produced by **RIGGING INNOVATIONS INC.**

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Section 1.0 General Information

1.1 TALON FS CERTIFICATION

The **TALON FS** harness and container system is approved as a minor design change under the original Talon TSO and approved under FAA TSO-C23c, Category B: limited to use by persons up to 116 kg (254 lb.) fully equipped, and up to 150 knots.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION



NORTHWEST MOUNTAIN REGION Western Acft. Cert. Office PO Box 92007 Los Angeles, CA 90009-2007

AUG 19 1985

Rigging Innovations Inc Mr. Sandy R. Reid, President 236 E. Third St. Perris, CA 92370

Gentlemen: Rigging Innovations Inc., Talon Dual Parachute Harness & Container Assembly Part Number 6111-(); Technical Standard Order C23c

Your application for authorization to use Technical Standard Order (TSO) procedures, reference your letters dated June 14, 1985, and July 29, 1985 have been reviewed. The certification of conformance with the requirements of the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 21, Subpart O, TSO-C23c is acceptable.

The following technical data are considered to fulfill the requirements for TSO authorization and are being retained in our files:

Talon Owner's Manual, dated June 14, 1985Rigging Innovations, Inc. Test Summary PER 4.3.2.1, TSO-C23c dated July 2, 1985

The quality control procedures contained in your quality control manual currently on file at the Manufacturing Inspection District Office in Long Beach, CA, and your statement that those procedures will be applied to the manufacture of subject articles at the above address, are considered adequate in accordance with FAR 21.143.

Effective this date you are authorized to use TSO procedures for the subject dual parachute harness and container assembly and you may identify this article with the applicable TSO markings as required by TSO-C23c.

As a TSO manufacturer, you are required to report any failure, malfunction, of defect related to your TSO in accordance with the provisions of FAR 21.3. You must also notify the FAA when you no longer manufacture a TSO approved article as required by 21.613(b).

This authorization pertains only to manufacturing operations at the above address and this office must be notified in advance of any proposed relocation to preclude interruption while awaiting quality control approval of your new facility.

Sincerely

1.2 RIGGER QUALIFICATIONS

To pack and maintain this parachute system, the *FAA Senior or Master Rigger - or foreign equivalent* - must possess a BACK rating endorsement to his or her certificate.

<u>Since these systems are certified only with square reserve parachutes</u> the rigger must be trained to pack ram-air parachutes prior to certifying the **TALON FS** system for emergency use.

14 CFR Part 65.127()No certificated parachute rigger may –

- (e) Pack, maintain, or alter a parachute in any manner that deviates from the procedures approved by the administrator OR the manufacturer of the parachute; or
- (f) Exercise the privileges of his certificate and type rating unless he understands the current manufacturer's instructions for the operation involved.

ANYONE who circumvents Rigging Innovations, Inc. instructions is in violation of 14 CFR Part 65.127 and is, therefore, performing an illegal procedure.

1.3 "Am I Qualified to Use this Equipment?"

As the new owner of a Rigging Innovations, Inc. **TALON FS** parachute system, before you use it, it is very important that you can answer yes to several questions. Only by doing so can you be assured that you have the necessary training and/or experience to safely utilize modern parachute equipment of this type.

Question 1: Does my experience level and /or training qualify me for using this equipment?

Advanced equipment such as the **TALON FS** may have features requiring a certain level of experience and training in order to be used safely.

Question 2: Have I been briefed or trained in the operation of this equipment by qualified personnel such as an instructor or licensed rigger?

If you have progressed to the level where you are qualified to jump advanced equipment, or if you have been trained on other types, there may be certain features of this system that you are unfamiliar with. Make sure that you have received a thorough briefing from a certified instructor or rigger for the type of equipment you are about to jump.

Question 3: Does the equipment fit properly?

Can you see and / or reach the main deployment handle, 3-ring release handle, reserve ripcord and RSL? This equipment is built in a variety of container sizes, lengths, and widths, and a custom pre-sized harness. These configurations along with options such as pull-out and BOC main deployment, make compatible sizing to the individual extremely important to the safe operation of the system. If the system does not fit properly, the handles may be inaccessible or may move during the jump thereby causing problems in the air.

The above questions have dealt with your ability to safely jump this **RIGGING INNOVATIONS** product only. If you have answered "Yes" to all the questions, you should feel comfortable using R.I. equipment. However, there are additional factors that may influence your decision and ability that do not relate to R.I. products. If you have any questions or feel uneasy about using this harness and container system, do not hesitate to ask a qualified Parachute Instructor, FAA certified parachute rigger for any further information or training you feel necessary. or contact Rigging Innovations at:

Telephone: 520.466.2655 or tech@rigginginnovations.com

1.4 CUSTOMER SERVICE

RIGGING INNOVATIONS INC.

Customer Service Policy and Limits

Harness and Containers

RI will provide no charge repair service for repairs that RIGGING INNOVATIONS INC. has determined to result from defects in material or workmanship for a period of **six months from the date of purchase**. Date of purchase and proof of purchase must be supplied to RI by the customer with the item in order to be repaired free of charge.

Safety

RI will perform all <u>Mandatory</u> Service Bulletins, repairs, or modifications due to SAFETY concerns free of charge.

Unauthorized Modifications/Alterations

RI will charge for repair service when the damage is caused by unauthorized modification or alteration of the product. RI reserves the right to refuse to repair any product so modified or altered.

Improper Use

RI will charge for repairs that results from improper use or from abuse such as exposure to chemicals, saltwater, improper washing, improper packing, excessive exposure to sunlight, or negligence on the part of the user (i.e. jumping already damaged equipment).

Limits

RI reserves the right to refuse service on equipment for which materials and / or manufacturing patterns and specifications no longer exist.

Configuration

Articles sent in for repair should be sent in with all parts. RI may request and require additional information pertaining to the product.

Accessory Part - Replacement

RI will recommend replacement of component parts based on inspection when safety is a factor due to normal wear and tear or maintenance of the product.

Product Improvement

Product improvements will be available as an option to customers.

2004

1.6 PARTS LIST

TABLE I

| QUANTITY | DESCRIPTION | Part Number |
|----------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | HARNESS/CONTAINER ASSEMBLY | 6111-(5) |
| | CONTAINER ASSEMBLY | 4111-(5) |
| | HARNESS ASSEMBLY (STANDARD/MULTI-FLEX) | 5111-(5) 5115-(3) |
| 1 | STEALTH RESERVE PILOT CHUTE | 2237-() |
| 1 | SQUARE RESERVE FREEBAG AND BRIDLE | 2120-() |
| 1 | SAFETY STOW LOOP | 2911-(2) |
| 1 | RESERVE RIPCORD (metal) | 2511-(8) |
| 1 | RESERVE RIPCORD (pillow) | 2515-() 2 or 3 |
| 2 | RESERVE STEERING TOGGLES | 2611-(2) |
| 1 | RESERVE CLOSING LOOP | 2913-(9) |
| 1 | MAIN CLOSING LOOP | 2913-(5) |
| 2 | MAIN RISERS | 2411-(5)b |
| 2 | MAIN TOGGLES | 2621-(5)a |
| 1 | 3-RING RELEASE HANDLE | 2521-() |
| 1 | MAIN DEPLOYMENT BAG | 2130-() |
| 1 | MAIN PILOT CHUTE | |
| | T.O.P. | 2241-() |
| | P.O.P. | 2242-() |
| 1 | MAIN BRIDLE | |
| | T.O.P KILL LINE | 2323-() a |
| | P.O.P KILL LINE | 2323-() b |
| 1 | RSL LANYARD | 2811-(8) |
| 1 | OWNER'S MANUAL AND REGISTRATION CARD | 1311-(5) |

NO SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENT PARTS IS AUTHORIZED!

Section 2.0

Component Compatibility

2.1 CANOPY COMPATIBILITY

IMPORTANT!

It is imperative that the rigger and the owner understand what canopies are compatible with a particular model of Rigging Innovations, Inc. harness/container assembly.

IF INCOMPATIBLE CANOPIES ARE USED WITH THIS **TALON FS** SYSTEM, IT COULD FAIL TO OPERATE AS DESIGNED RESULTING IN SERIOUS INJURY OR EVEN DEATH TO THE USER

2.2 RESERVE COMPATIBILITY

To determine whether a particular reserve canopy is compatible with a TALON FS harness/container assembly, there are several requirements that must be met. They are pack volume, deployment type, TSO certification, and placard limitations.

2.3 VOLUME

The pack volume of a canopy is determined by using the standard Parachute Industry Association (PIA) volume measurement as determined by PIA Technical Standard TS-104 in its most current edition. By cross referencing this measurement to the Rigging Innovations, Inc. Main/Reserve Container Volume, Table II, the volume compatibility may be determined.

IMPORTANT NOTES ON VOLUME REFERENCES

Rigging Innovations maintains the PIA canopy volume measurement study. If R.I. has not tested a particular make and model canopy in our volume chamber we cannot be responsible for its fit in a given size container. We will accept orders for specific size rigs if no reference to canopy make or model is made. However, if canopy sizes are stated on an order form then R.I. will determine what is the best container size for those canopies.

Proper container sizing is one of the more difficult processes in determining the correct size of main to reserve canopy compatibility. Volume testing by the Parachute Industry Association has shown a volume variable of up to 20% for a given canopy model.

The PIA canopy volume may be based on a single sample and should serve only as a rough guide in selecting the correct size of container to canopy. Factors such as temperature, humidity, age, number of jumps and packing technique affect the volume of a given canopy.

Reserve canopy technology has not progressed at the same pace as main canopies. Often, the reserve canopy volume determines the container size. Today's high performance main canopies allow jumpers to fly much smaller volume canopies than an appropriate size reserve canopy for the individual's weight and experience.

R.I. generally takes a conservative approach when selecting the appropriate container size for a given canopy combination. R.I. sizes containers a little on the loose side to ease packing, while making the **TALON FS** more comfortable and durable.

TABLE II TALON FS Main/Reserve Container Volumes

All numbers refer to the cubic inch volume of the containers.

| Container size | Volume/Reserve/Main |
|----------------|---------------------|
| T00 | 275/275 |
| T0 | 300/300 |
| T1 | 325/300 |
| T2 | 325/350 |
| T5 | 400/450 |
| T6 | 450/550 |
| T7 | 550/600 |
| T8 | 600/700 |

2.4 DEPLOYMENT BAG AND BRIDLE

Only a Rigging Innovations reserve deployment bag and bridle assembly of the correct size and properly labeled with P/N 2119 - () is compatible with the **TALON FS**. **No other deployment bag is approved for use with the TALON FS system.**

SAFETY STOW

Only a Rigging Innovations safety stow of the correct size with P/N 2911 - (3) is compatible with the TALON FS. No other safety stow is approved for use with the TALON FS system.

DEPLOYMENT TYPE

There are 5 different canopy deployment methods in common use. Of these, only TYPE 5 is approved for use in the Rigging Innovations, Inc., **TALON FS** harness/container assembly.

The description and example is as follows:

Type 5: Free Bag: Canopy stowed in bag and lines stowed on/in bag.

Examples: PD reserve canopies, Precision Super Raven and Dash-M series reserves, PISA Tempo reserves.

2.5 ORANGE WARNING LABEL PLACARD DATA

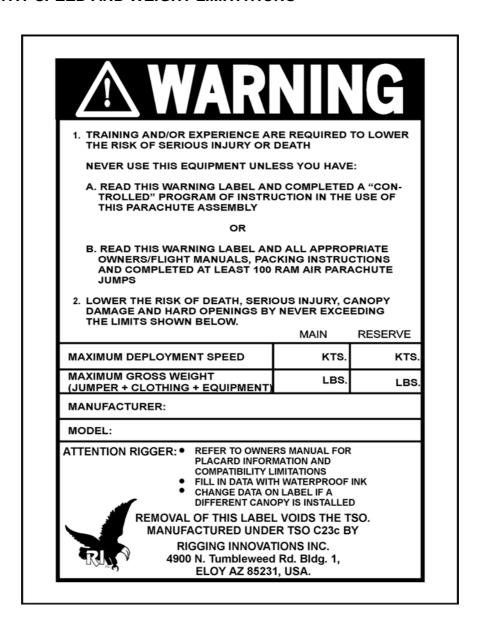
As part of the manufacturers requirements, the ORANGE WARNING LABEL located on the back pad must be filled in by the rigger assembling and packing the **TALON FS**.

FAILURE TO COMPLETE THE ORANGE WARNING LABEL WILL RESULT IN THE TSO BEING NULL AND VOID!

The data required for the warning label is obtained from the canopy manufacturer and should be found on the canopy warning label or data panel.

Please note that there may be instances where one model canopy may have TWO DIFFERENT placard limitations; one as a reserve and one as a main. An example of this is the Precision Super Raven 4 canopy. As a reserve it is limited to 254 lb. maximum gross weight. However, as a main it is placarded at 288 lb. Make sure that your rigger marks the correct space with the right category information.

2.6 INDUSTRY SPEED AND WEIGHT LIMITATIONS



Section 3.0

User Information

3.1 MAIN CONTAINER PACKING INSTRUCTIONS

Assembly

Note: these instructions assume the use of RI Velcro-less Toggles.

- Step 1. Lay out main parachute, flake canopy, and check lines for straightness and continuity.
- **Step 2.** With line check complete, attach connector links to main risers (nose of canopy on front riser, tail on rear riser). Note that risers are marked on back with an L or R to designate left and right. Double check that you have the proper riser on the appropriate side of canopy.
- **Step 3.** Route steering lines through guide rings on rear risers. Attach steering toggles to lower control lines in accordance with canopy manufacturer's instructions or standard practice. Double check that toggle is secure and knot will not slip.

CAUTION: Some canopies have brake-setting loops large enough that they can pass over and below the toggle loop where the control line attaches, or over and below the knot which forms the loop for attaching the toggle. Either occurrence may cause difficulty releasing the brakes.

Step 4. Check that elongated diameter of canopy brake-setting loop and toggle-attach loop is 3/4" max. Zigzag, hand stitch, or re-tie loops as needed to reduce the loop length to 3/4 inch. (Fig 3-1)

Step 5. Attach the risers to harness making sure you have left on left and right on right.

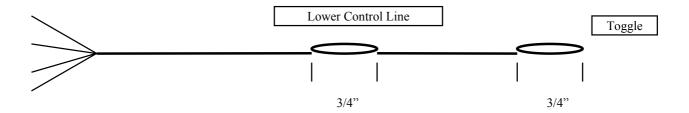


Fig 3-1

Main Deployment Bag attachment KILL-LINE COLLAPSIBLE PILOT CHUTE AND BRIDLE

WARNING: Improper installation or use of the kill-line pilot chute can lead to high speed malfunctions which may be fatal. Kill-line pilot chutes MUST be cocked each time the parachute is packed.

Step 6. Remove the rapide link from bottom end of bridle. Route the bridle down through grommet in center of bag. Pull both key ring retainer loops through grommet. (*Fig 3-2*)







Fig 3-3



Fig 3-4

Thread the circular key ring over the end of the bridle and up to the retainer loops. Thread the ring thru the loops. (Fig 3-3) Attach the bottom end of bridle to canopy attachment point (loop or ring) with the rapide link. Ensure that you route the rapide link through white centerline as well as the Type 3 tape loop. (Fig 3-4) Tighten the rapide link.

To cock the kill-line pilot chute, elongate bridle by pulling the pilot chute handle while holding the bag down with one foot (*Fig 3-5*). Check the window on bridle near the curved pin. A cocked pilot chute will show green kill-line in the window. (*Fig 3-6*)



Fig 3-5

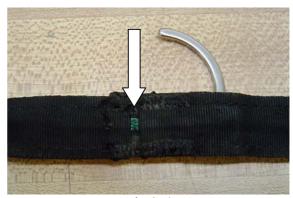


Fig 3-6

Step 7. Install rubber bands provided onto main deployment bag. The main parachute is now ready to pack according to canopy manufacturer's instructions.

Step 8. Set deployment brakes by pulling steering lines down until locking loops are just below guide rings on main risers. Insert main toggle upper end into locking loop on steering line and into fabric sleeve above the guide ring. The steering line should be outboard of the toggle and pocket. Lower end of toggle is inserted into fabric loop below the guide ring (*Fig 3-7 & 3-8*) Stow excess steering line in the sleeve on the opposite side of the riser.

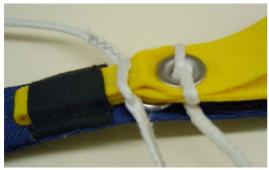


Fig 3-7

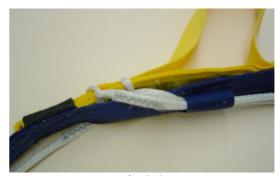


Fig 3-8

Main Packing

Step 1. When packing the main canopy, dress it approximately 4" wider than bag (2" each side) to fill out sides and not concentrate bulk in the center. For best appearance, bulk must be distributed evenly in the bag. Route lines out center and lock the center locking stow. Lock the two outer locking stows and finish stowing lines to within 18" of the connector links.

Step 2. Press the air out of bag at this time to flatten bag prior to placing it in container. Place the bag at the bottom of main container.

Step 3. Route main risers over shoulders and close the main riser covers and route the main risers down along side the reserve container. Main toggles face inboard.

Step 4. Place the bag into main container with the <u>lines to bottom</u> of container. Push the top of the bag down into the container while pulling up on the center flap to seat the bag in the container (Fig 3-9 & 3-10)



Fig 3-9



Fig $\overline{3-10}$

Double check that KILL-LINE PILOT CHUTE is cocked. A green mark should be visible in window opposite curved pin.

Main Container Closing - B.O.C.

Step 1. Route the main bridle across top of bag and out the right side of container. (Fig 3-11)

Step 2. Close main flaps in the order stamped on each flap. #1 - Bottom; #2 - Top; #3 - Right side; #4 - Left side. Pull flaps into place and lock with curved pin.

Hint! When pulling the closing loop thru each grommet, push the previous flap with the left hand while the right hand pulls the closing loop thru the flap. (Fig 3-12 & Fig 3-13) This will keep any wrinkles out of the side panel.







Fig 3-11

Fig 3-12

Fig 3-13

Step 3. Make sure that the window of the kill-line bridle faces up and that the green centerline is visible. (*Fig 3-14*)

Step 4. Tuck the bridle under the bottom of the top flap and then right under the side flap until the bridle is near the mouth of the BOC pocket. (Fig 3-15 & 3-16)

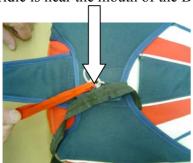






Fig 3-15



Fig 3-16

Folding the BOC Throw-out Pilot chute

- **Step 1.** Place pilot chute on a flat surface with the handle down and spread to its full size. (*Fig 3-17*)
- **Step 2.** Fold pilot chute in half. (*Fig 3-18*)
- **Step 3.** Fold the bottom edge upward towards and even with the handle. (*Fig 3-19*) This should be approximately the length of the pocket.







Fig 3-17

Fig 3-18

Step 4. Fold pilot chute into thirds. (*Fig 3-20*) "S"-fold the bridle in the center and then fold the sides of the pilot chute over the bridle so the result is a flat package about the same width as the spandex pocket. (*Fig 3-21*)

Step 5. Slide pilot chute into spandex pocket *including the handle*. Pat the pocket flat with the hand from the closed end towards the mouth of the pocket until the handle is exposed. (Fig 3-22)

Step 6. Tuck the upper corners of the pocket under the side flaps. Massage the pocket as needed to smooth out the pilot chute. (Fig 3-23)







Fig 3-21



Fig 3-22



Fig 3-23

Pull-Out Pilot chute (P.O.P.)

Step 1. Double check that KILL-LINE BRIDLE is cocked. The green mark should be visible near bottom of bridle. (*Fig 3-24*) Lay pilot chute with mesh facing up. Pull center of pilot chute where the handle and bridle are attached outward to edge of the pilot chute. Fold fabric over so that the mesh is covered. (*Fig 3-25*)

Step 2. Fold the pilot chute in a long narrow configuration and place pilot chute under bottom main closing flap so that handle and lanyard exit bottom right corner of container. (Fig 3-26) "S" -fold bridle and place it under the pilot chute. Double check that lanyard is clear and free to move through grommet on bridle







Fig 3-25



Fig 3-26

Step 3. Close container in the numbered sequence (#1 -Bottom, #2 -Top, #3 -Right, #4 -Left) making sure handle exits lower right hand corner. Secure locking loop with straight pin on the end of pull-out lanyard. (*Fig 3-27*) Grommet tab should be exposed at bottom corner. Lanyard should be free from handle through grommet to pin.

Step 4. Mate handle loop Velcro with flap hook Velcro (*Fig 3-28*) and fold the Velcro flap back under the right main side flap. Be sure that lanyard is hidden by upper end of flap and that the Velcro is mated securely. (*Fig 3-29*)



Fig 3-27



Fig 3-28



Fig 3-29

DO NOT TRAP LANYARD UNDER BOTTOM FLAP STIFFENER. TRAPPING BRIDLE WILL CAUSE A DIFFICULT OR IMPOSSIBLE PULL.

3.2 3-RING™ RELEASE ASSEMBLY Threading 3-Ring™ Release Housings

The **TALON FS** 3-Ring[™] system utilizes flexible metal housings. This ensures smooth, consistent release forces. Threading the release cables is easily done without special tools.

Step 1. Thread the long cable into the long metal housing on right side until it comes out left end.

Step 2. Thread the short cable into the short housing until it comes out the right end.

Assembling 3-RING™ Release

Step 1. With riser rings and loop facing away from harness, pass larger riser ring through harness ring from the rear and fold riser ring upward. (*Fig 3-30*)

Step 2. Pass small riser ring through middle ring and fold small ring upward. (Fig 3-31)



Fig 3-30



Fig 3-31

Step 3. Pass loop from top to bottom around small ring and through riser grommet. Double-check that loop goes only around the small ring and not second ring also. Do not twist loop. (*Fig 3-32*)

Step 4. Place grommet on end of release cable housing over loop and hold it in place while pushing yellow cable through loop.

Stow loose end of yellow cable in channel on back of rear riser. (Fig 3-33)

Step 5. Repeat Steps 1 through 4 with the other riser.

Step 6. Connect the RSL snap shackle to left main riser. Double-check the risers for correct assembly. Inspect from side. (*Fig 3-34*) Only 1 item through each ring, all rings lay parallel, and white loop routed through only small ring and then thru terminal end of housing.



Fig 3-32



Fig 3-33



Fig 3-34

3.3 Reserve Static Line Lanyard (RSL)

The Reserve Static-line Lanyard or RSL system is a lanyard attached from the left main riser to a ring around the reserve ripcord cable. Upon jettisoning a malfunctioned main canopy the lanyard automatically pulls the cable, which pulls the pin on the reserve ripcord. This results in activation of the reserve with a minimum loss of altitude. Through the use of the RSL system, a greater degree of safety is realized.

It must be stressed however, that the RSL is simply a backup to manual activation of the reserve ripcord.

<u>In the event of a malfunction, the jumper must pull the reserve ripcord manually even though the RSL may activate the reserve faster.</u> There have been fatal cases where the RSL has been disconnected but the jumper waited for the RSL activation.

Assembly the RSL:

The **TALON FS** RSL System must be installed when the reserve is packed since the reserve ripcord MUST pass through the ring as the ripcord is installed.

Step 1. Install the stiffened section of the lanyard into the pockets on the yoke under the left rear reserve riser. The ring end goes towards the Reserve Canopy and the snap shackle goes towards the harness 3-ring (*Fig 3-35*)

Step 2. Route the reserve ripcord through the housing and out the top. Fold the ends of the lanyard inboard of the riser. Lay the riser over the shoulder and place the lanyard ring between the guide rings. Make sure the rings are folded back towards the reserve container. Route the ripcord through the rings and into the short housing under the top reserve top flap (*Fig 3-36*) Route the ripcord between the inner and outer reserve flaps. The ripcord is now in place and ready to close the container.

Step 3. Attach the RSL snap shackle to ring on left riser. (Fig 3-37)







Fig 3-36



Fig 3-37

It is important that lanyard is routed directly from the cable to left riser without passing under, around or through any housing's or other attachments.

INCORRECT RSL ROUTING WILL RESULT IN POTENTIALLY FATAL CONSEQUENCES!

If you have any doubts or questions about routing or the installation of the Reserve Static-line Lanyard System, the TALON FS should not be jumped until it has been inspected by a competent rigger, familiar with the system.

3.4 Harness Adjustments and Fitting

Note:

Rigging Innovations' articulated harnesses (F.A.S.T and Multi-Flex) offer superior fit and comfort when worn properly. Please pay special attention to the following instructions, especially regarding rig placement high on your back. Your articulated harness should be worn TIGHT! Loose adjustment is magnified by the articulation at the rings. Learn to adjust your harness snugly on the ground and you will feel the advantage in the air and under canopy.

The **TALON FS** is designed to have only three points of adjustment. They are the chest strap and the two leg straps.

Step 1. Put rig on and fasten chest strap. Fasten and tighten leg straps to snug but not tight. Note that the TALON FS "V-flex" leg strap configuration is different than other designs. When fitted correctly, the leg strap does a reverse twist as it passes from the upper leg strap to the lower leg strap. (*Fig 3-38*) It may seem strange at first but the resultant comfort of the design is far superior than any other.

Step 2. Bend forward at your waist and hoist your rig from the bottom so it sits high on your back. (*Fig 3-39*) Tighten the leg straps so that they're tight but not uncomfortable or restrictive.





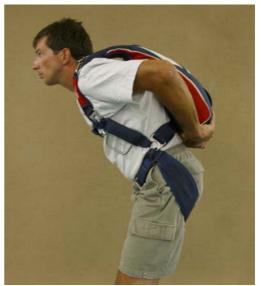


Fig 3-39

Step 3. Straighten up and tighten the chest strap. If the harness is sized correctly, the tension of the harness can be varied by tightening or loosening the chest strap.

Step 4. Stow loose ends of leg straps in elastic keepers and in the opening at end of pad so they will not come out and flap in free fall or be mistaken for pilot chute, release or ripcord handles. Keeping elastic keepers up against the hardware will prevent leg strap tension changes, which sometimes occur during your ride to altitude.

Locate the following and familiarize yourself with their visual and physical locations:

- a) Main pilot chute handle. (BOC or POP)
- b) **3-**Ring release handle.
- c) Reserve ripcord handle.

Release and ripcord handles should be far enough forward that they are easy to see and grab.

Step 5. For BOC, practice pulling pilot chute out of pouch while lying on your stomach to ensure that you can pull it. Make sure that you are satisfied with pull force needed to extract pilot chute from spandex pocket.

Step 6. For pull-out pilot chute, practice pulling the pilot chute while lying on your stomach. Make sure handle is accessible and that pull force is not too great.

Step 7. For most people, the hip junction rings should be near the top of your pelvis but, this may not be ideal for all individuals. When suspended, a 2 or 3 inch gap is normal between your shoulder and shoulder pad. You should be able to reach the toggles easily and collapse slider while hanging under canopy.

Note: If you have any questions about these instructions, you should seek the help of a certified Rigger or contact *Rigging Innovations*. *Inc.* at 520-466-2655

3.5 Maintenance Procedures

The **TALON FS** begins its life as one of the finest pieces of parachute equipment you can buy. It is up to the owner to maintain it in top condition. Below are certain areas that you and your rigger should check on a regular basis to ensure proper operation and long life of your equipment.

Before Each Jump You Should Check:

- 1. All ripcord and 3-RingTM housings for tackings damage or obstructions.
- 2. Reserve ripcord pins, cables, handles and pockets for proper seating, wear and/or damage.
- 3. Main deployment activation devices (BOC and pull-out) for wear and placement. Also check routing of bridles for twists, etc.
- 4. Main risers routed smoothly over shoulders and riser covers closed properly.
- 5. 3-RingTM release mechanism assembled properly and excess cable stowed properly.
- 6. All harness webbing and hardware for wear or damage.
- 7. All flaps closed in proper sequence and tucked in.

Note: IF ANY WEAR OR UNUSUAL CONDITION IS FOUND, CONSULT RIGGING INNOVATIONS, INC. OR A QUALIFIED PARACHUTE RIGGER IMMEDIATELY! 520.466.2655

After Putting Your Rig On, Check:

- 1. Reserve ripcord handle secure in its pocket.
- 2. Chest strap is properly threaded and free end secured.
- 3. Leg straps are properly threaded and free ends are stowed.

3-Ring™ Release Maintenance

The following procedure should be done weekly, or every 25 jumps, whichever comes first. If the rig is subjected to unusual abuse, such as exposure to excessive dust or sand, or if it is dragged, it should be inspected immediately.

Step 1. OPERATE RELEASE SYSTEM ON THE GROUND. Pull release cable completely out and disconnect risers.

- **Step 2.** While the system is disassembled, closely inspect it for wear.
 - a. Check nylon loops on risers to be sure they are not frayed.
 - b. Check Velcro on release handle and harness to insure that it will adequately hold handle.
 - c. Check stitching that holds harness hardware to main lift web and hand tackings that hold cable housings in place.
 - d. Check metal housing ends for sharp edges or deformation.
- **Step 3.** VIGOROUSLY TWIST AND FLEX riser webbing on each side where it passes through the big ring to remove any *set* or deformation in webbing. Failure to do this might result in a hesitation when the release is activated with a low-drag malfunction such as a streamer or bag-lock.
- **Step 4.** Check inside of release housing for gravel or other obstructions. Use the cable to dislodge gravel. Inspect housing/channels for dents or cuts or other damage.
- **Step 5.** Clean and lubricate release cable with a silicone spray. Spray on a paper towel and firmly wipe the cable a few times. A THIN invisible film should remain too much will attract grit or dirt. Failure to clean release cables could result in higher than normal pull force during breakaway.
- **Step 6.** Re-assemble system properly, in accordance with instructions given in this manual. Double check it. Do a continuity check to make sure canopy is straight and risers are not reversed or twisted.

Regular, careful and thorough compliance with this maintenance procedure will prolong the life of the 3-RingTM release system, and help to ensure its operation during breakaways.

Note:

IF ANY WEAR OR UNUSUAL CONDITION IS FOUND, CONSULT RIGGING INNOVATIONS, INC. OR A QUALIFIED PARACHUTE RIGGER IMMEDIATELY!

120 Day Maintenance

Your Rigger should thoroughly inspect your **TALON FS** at every repack cycle to insure that all components are in airworthy condition. These areas should include the following:

- 1. Reserve pilot chute, bridle, deployment bag, housing, and ripcord.
- 2. Reserve canopy fabric and lines.
- 3. Reserve connector links.
- 4. Ripcord pocket.
- 5. Main bridle and pilot chute.
- 6. Harness and container in good airworthy condition.
- 7. Flex-Ring buffers. Inspect inside of buffers for excessive wear. (Fig 3-40)



Fig 3-40

Buffers are designed to absorb wear before the harness webbing. The inside should look shiny and smooth and may be discolored from hardware finish. If buffers are cut or frayed, it may be caused by damaged hardware or foreign matter (dirt) imbedded in the material. If wear is excessive, rig should be grounded and returned to Rigging Innovations for inspection and repair.

Major Alterations / Repair

Rigging Innovations, Inc. does **NOT** authorize major alterations or repairs to the TALON FS harness and container systems. Any major alterations or repairs must be made by the manufacturer, a designated R.I. Service Center, or authorized master parachute rigger or foreign equivalent. Contact **Rigging Innovations, Inc.**, at 520.466.2655, for the name of an R.I. Service Center in your area.

3.6 Rig Cleaning - CORDURA®

Table III

CORDURA® Recommended Stain Removal Methods *

| STAIN REMOVAL METHOD | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Coffee, Fruit Juice, Milk, Soft Drinks, Tea, Tabasco | | | |
| Sauce, Wine, Urine | Detergent ¹ /blot/water/blot | | |
| Catsup, Chocolate, Blood | Detergent/blot/ammonia ² /blot/water/blot | | |
| Mustard | Detergent/blot/vinegar ³ /blot/water/blot | | |
| Spicy mustard (turmeric), Kool- Aid® | Solvent ⁴ /blot/detergent/blot/vinegar/blot/water/blot | | |
| Cooking oil, Crayon, Lipstick, Mayonnaise, Motor oil, Show polish | Solvent ⁴ /blot/detergent/blot/water/blot | | |
| Chewing gum | Freeze with ice cube/ scrape/solvent/blot/ detergent/blot/ water/blot | | |
| Furniture polish, Ink (Permanent) | Paint remover ⁵ /blot/solvent/blot/detergent/blot/ ammonia/blot/vinegar/blot/water/blot | | |
| Furniture polish, Shoe polish | Seek the help of a professional upholstery cleaner | | |
| an inconspicuous place to test for color-fastness. Optimum cleaning will | an, white cloth dampened with the recommended cleaning agent should be used in be achieved by not over-wetting the cloth and by turning it frequently to keep it toward the center. This process should be repeated until the spot is removed or | | |
| ¹ DetergentOne teaspoon neutral pov | vder detergent (e.g. Tide or All) in 1 pint warm water. | | |
| ² AmmoniaA 3% solution. | | | |
| ³ VinegarWhite vinegar or a 10% ac | cetic acid solution | | |
| ⁴ SolventDry cleaning fluid - prefer | rably 1.1.1 trichlorethane | | |
| ⁵ Paint removerPaint remover with no oil i | n it. | | |
| NOTE: Oily and greasy stains In addition to the recommended method "HOST" (Racine Industries), "CAPTURE" (Milliken) and "K2R" (Texize). | I, some stains (e.g. perspiration/body oils) respond well to dry cleaners such as Carefully follow directions on the label. | | |

^{*} Recommendations based on fabrics finished with Du Pont Teflon® WBC Soil and Stain Repellent for CORDURA®. The methods were effective on stains that were allowed to sit untreated overnight. Removal is usually easier when stains are cleaned immediately.

Washing the harness and container

Regular care and cleaning of your **TALON FS** will prolong its life and enhance the resale value should you decide to sell it. It is recommended that you have your rigger wash your **TALON FS** at least once a year. The following techniques of washing Rigging Innovations harness and containers have been utilized successfully for many years.

CAUTION! Some colors, such as red, may bleed and contaminate lighter colors like white. Rigging Innovations therefore does not guarantee any results or accept any responsibility for color changes resulting from following these washing instructions.

Remove all canopies, AADs, and component parts such as toggles, RSL, ripcords, bags, and elastic keepers as well as the packing data card.

Hand Washing

Materials required:

- 1. Wash tub
- 2. Medium stiffness brush
- 3. Woolite[™] or similar mild liquid soap.
- 4. LOTS of fresh water.
- **Step 1.** Soak rig in lukewarm water. Apply straight Woolite[™] or soap onto dirtiest areas and scrub with the brush. Soak in lukewarm water for 20 minutes.
- **Step 2.** Scrub the entire rig vigorously all over. Soak for another 20 minutes
- **Step 3.** Repeat step 2. For particularly dirty rigs, you may want to empty the first batch of soapy water and wash in a fresh batch of soapy water.
- **Step 4.** Squeeze out as much soapy water as possible. Immerse in fresh, clean, cool water and rinse several times until no further soap comes out.
- **Step 5.** Hang to dry out of direct sunlight. Use of a fan directly onto the rig greatly speeds up the drying process.

Machine Washing

Materials required:

- 1. Jumbo tumbler type commercial washing machine. It is not recommended to do this in your home washing machine.
- 2. Medium stiffness brush.
- 3. Woolite[™] or similar mild liquid soap.
- 4. Large pillowcase or laundry bag.
- 5. Assortment of rags
- 6. Extra laundry.
- **Step 1.** Wrap the hardware of the rig with the rags to pad them so they don't beat the inside of the washing machine.
- **Step 2.** Soak the rig in lukewarm water and apply Woolite[™] or other soap directly onto the dirtiest parts. Scrub these parts vigorously. Allow these parts to absorb the Woolite[™] during the time you're traveling to the Laundromat.

- **Step 3.** Place the rig into the pillowcase and add extra padding such as some of your regular laundry! Tie off the pillowcase to hold everything in. Place into the washing machine and wash in warm water.
- **Step 4.** Run through at least two rinse cycles or hand rinse several times until no further soap comes out.
- **Step 5.** Hang to dry out of direct sunlight. Use of a fan directly onto the rig greatly speeds up the drying process.

Scotchgard

The use of Scotchgard™ brand fabric protector has become commonplace in recent years. This fabric treatment seals the pores of the fabric against dirt and other stains. Scotchgard™ is not a magical "silver bullet" against dirt. However it has shown good results in keeping lighter color fabric cleaner longer under normal use. Grinding in on grass or asphalt or other heavy abuse will still stain and/or damage the rig materials.

Scotchgard[™] is not harmful to today's container fabrics such as Para-pak and Cordura[™]. There are currently several Scotchgard[™] formulas. The standard fabric and upholstery formula in the **RED CAN** has proven the most successful. Do not use the rug and carpet formula in the blue can.

After the rig is completely dry, hang it in a well ventilated location. **FOLLOWING THE DIRECTIONS ON THE CAN**, apply the protector to the entire **OUTER SURFACE** of the rig. For those areas such as the inside of the leg pads, backpad, and bottom of the main container, and light colored panels such as white, etc, apply a second coat after the first has dried. Do not intentionally spray the hardware, housings, and clear vinyl Cypres window. After the rig has dried, it may then be re-assembled and placed back into service.

Section 4.0

Rigger Information

4.1 Orange Warning Label Placard Data

As Part of the manufacturers requirements, the ORANGE WARNING LABEL, located on the back pad, must be filled in by the Rigger assembling canopies to the **TALON FS**.

FAILURE TO COMPLETE ORANGE WARNING LABEL WILL RESULT IN THE TSO BEING NULL AND VOID!

| | | MAIN | RESERVE |
|--|--|--|----------------------|
| MAXIMUM DEPLOYMENT SP | EED: | | |
| MAXIMUM GROSS WEIGHT (JUMPER + CLOTHING + EQUIPMENT: | | | |
| MANUFACTURER: | | | |
| MODEL: | | | |
| ATTENTION RIGGERS: | INFORMAL LIMITATION FILL IN DATE OF CHANGE | O OWNERS MANUAL TION AND COMPAT ONS. ATA WITH WATERPI DATA ON LABEL IF IS INSTALLED | IBILITY ROOF PEN. |

The data required for the warning label is obtained from the canopy manufacturer and should be found on the canopy warning label or data panel, as well as the Owner's Manual.

Please note that there may be instances where one model canopy may have TWO DIFFERENT placard limitations; one as a reserve and one as a main. An example of this is the Precision Super Raven 4 canopy. As a reserve it is limited to 254 lb. maximum gross weight. However, as a main it is placarded at 288 lb. Make sure that your Rigger marks the correct space with the right category information

4.2 Parachute Assembly Inspection Form

| Parachute Assembly Inspection Form | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|
| ! Note: 0 | ! Note: Count all Tools Before Starting Assembly Qty: | | | |
| | | Manufacturer: | | |
| | | | | |
| llownoo | a and | Model: | | |
| Harnes | | Date of manufacture: | | |
| Contai | ner | Serial no: | | |
| Initial Aft | ter Each Item If No Dis | crepancies Are Found | Ini | tials |
| 1. | Main lift web | | | |
| 2. | Chest and leg straps | | | |
| 3. | Harness hardware and Flex- | rings | | |
| 4. | 3-ring release | | | |
| 5. | Pilot chute pocket | | | |
| 6. | Reserve ripcord, handle poc | ket, cable housing | | |
| 7. | Cutaway handle, attachment | point, cable housing and channels | | |
| 8. | Container flaps and gromme | ts | | |
| 9. | Closing loop length and cond | dition (main and reserve) | | |
| 10. | Comments: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Manufacturer: | | |
| В | | | | |
| | | Model: | | |
| Main Canopy and | | Date of manufacture: | | |
| Pilot cl | hute | Serial no.: | | |
| Initial Aft | ter Each Item If No Dis | crepancies Are Found | Ini | tials |
| | | , | | |
| 4 | Diagram and O Diagram | | | |
| 1. | Risers and 3-Ring | | | |
| 2. 3. | Connector links and slider by | | | |
| | Slider grommets, tapes, fabr | | | |
| 4. 5. | A-lines and attachment points | | | |
| 6. | B-lines and attachment point C-lines and attachment point | | | |
| 7. | D-lines and attachment poin | | | |
| 8. | Steering lines and toggles | | | |
| 9. | Canopy cells and cross-ports | | | |
| 10. | Slider stops (on canopy) | 5 | | |
| 11. | Bridle line, d-bag stop, pin | | | |
| 12. | Pilot chute and handle or pu | d | | |
| 13. | Deployment bag | u . | | |
| 14. | Comments: | | | I |
| 17. | Commonto. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| C | | Manufacturer: | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| | | Model: | | |
| Square Reserve Canopy | | Date of manufacture: | | |
| and Pilot chute | | Serial no: | | |
| Initial After Each Item If No Discrepa | | ncies Are Found | Initials | S |
| 1. | Risers | | | |
| 2. | Connector links | | | |
| 3. | Sliders & Grommets | | | |
| 4. | A-lines and attachment points | | | |
| 5. | B-lines and attachment points | | | |
| 6. | C-lines and attachment points | | | |
| 7. | D-lines and attachment points | | | |
| 8. | Steering lines and toggles | | | |
| 9. | Canopy cells and cross ports | | | |
| 10. | Slider stops (on canopy) | | | |
| 11. | Deployment bag and safety stow | | | |
| 12 13. | Bridle line Pilot chute | | | |
| 14. | Packing card and information | | | |
| 15. | Comments: | | | |
| 10. | Comments. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| D | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Asseml | olv of | | | |
| | Reserve Canopy | | | |
| Initial Af | ter Each Item If No Discrepa | ncies Are Found | Initials | S |
| 1. | Inspection of canopy and Container | | | |
| 2. | Line Continuity correct including stee | | | |
| 3. | Slider on correctly | orning integration states growthinets | | |
| 4. | Rapide™ links tightened or Slinks™ a | assembled correctly | | |
| 5. | Steering lines tied to toggles on mark | | | |
| 6. | Steering line length equal to each of | | | |
| 7. | Safety stow on deployment bag insta | | | |
| 8. | Packing data card filled out | | | - |
| 9. | Packed according to manufacturers | instructions | | - |
| 10. | Reserve pin sealed | | | |
| 11. | Fill out warning label | | | |
| 12. | _ | | • | |
| | Comments: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| E | | | | |
|---|--|-------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Assem | bly of | | | |
| | anopy to Container | | | |
| Initial After Each Item If No Discrepancies Are Found | | | | |
| 1. | Inspection of canopy and Container completed (parts A & B) | | | |
| 2. | Line continuity correct including steering lines thru slider grommets. | | | |
| 3. | Slider on correctly | | | |
| 4. | Release handle cables are proper lengths | | | |
| 5. | Rapide™ links tightened or Slinks™ assembled correctly | | | |
| 6. | Steering lines tied to toggles on mark | | | |
| 7. | | | | |
| 8. | D-bag, bridle and pilot chute are attached properly | | | |
| 9. | Fill out warning label | | | |
| 10. | Comments: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| L Note: Count all tools after assembly and packing is | | | | |
| | ! Note: Count all tools after assembly and packing is Qty: | | | |
| complete | ed to ensure that none were left in the canopy or | | | |
| container. | | | | |
| Container. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Signature of Rigger(s) Inspection | | | | |
| Signatare of Algger(e) mepodiem | | | | |
| Signatur | 2 | Data: | | |
| Signatur | С. | Date: | | |
| | | | | |
| Print Name and Seal Symbol: | | | | |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | |
| 0: | | Deter | | |
| Signature: | | Date: | | |
| | | | | |
| Print name and Seal Symbol: | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| General Comments: | | | | |
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| 1 | | | | |

4.3 Ram-Air Reserve Packing Instructions

Prior to assembling and packing a square reserve into a TALON FS, the rigger must thoroughly read and understand these instructions. The rigger must determine reserve and container compatibility based upon volume, deployment type and placard information. Only reserve canopies that have been assigned weight and speed limits by the canopy manufacturer are approved for use in the TALON FS. The rigger who assembles the reserve is responsible for completing the Orange Warning Label. Refer to the Rigging Innovations Warning Label Placard Data Sheet for proper information.

NOTE: Minimum qualification; FAA Senior or Master Parachute Rigger or foreign equivalent.

4.3.1 Assembling The Reserve System

BACKGROUND

Rigging Innovations mandates PRO (Proper Ram-Air Orientation) packing on the floor for packing **TALON FS** reserve containers. PRO packing results in the best bulk distribution and greatest comfort for the wearer. The molar method is used to insert the parachute into deployment bag. In the last several years there have been developed several different techniques of PRO packing. They all end in the same result. It is up to the rigger to determine whether their particular technique is in compliance with the intent of these instructions.

The method shown in the following section is just an example as to how the **TALON FS** may be packed. Depending on the size and model of the canopy and the size of the container, the exact folding of the canopy may vary slightly to accommodate the bulk needed to shape the deployment bag.

The canopy/rig combination shown in the following photographs is a T0 size TALON FS with a PD-113R reserve canopy.

- **Step 1.** Assemble an appropriate size reserve parachute to the **TALON FS** harness and container system ensuring the following:
 - 1.2 Line continuity is correct.
 - 1.3 Connector link bumpers installed and tied per canopy manufacturer's instructions.
 - 1.4 Connector links are tightened finger tight plus one quarter turn of the barrel. **WARNING:** If Maillon rapide links are too tight, barrels will crack.
 - 1.5 Mark connector links with a fine line from a permanent Marker.
 - 1.6 Steering lines are routed through rear grommets on slider.
 - 1.7 Steering lines are routed through guide rings on rear risers.
 - 1.8 Steering toggles are securely attached.
 - 1.9 Automatic Activation Device correctly installed.
 - 1.10 Closing loop length is checked. (See Table IV for approximate length).
 - 1.11 Completely inspect the canopy.

NOTE: Rigging Innovations has tested and evaluated the Slink[™] brand of Soft Link manufactured by Performance Designs Inc. **RI HIGHLY RECOMMENDS** the use of this product in conjunction with the **TALON FS** harness and container system. The use of this product results in a stronger assembly that is easier to pack and more comfortable to the wearer as it eliminates the metal links and the corresponding slider bumper bulk.

4.3.2 Table IV -Approximate Closing Loop Lengths

NOTE: The loop length recommended in this chart is an **approximation** based on packing experience in our facility. Variables such as canopy size, temperature, humidity, and packing technique will affect the best loop length. In addition, these lengths include the additional length necessary for the CypresTM cutter.

IT IS THE RIGGER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THE RIPCORD PULL FORCE DOES NOT EXCEED 22 Lb. (10 Kg.).

The loop length is measured from the washer to end of the loop.

TABLE IV

| CONTAINER SIZE | LENGTH |
|----------------|-------------|
| T0 | 5.12"/130mm |
| T1 | 5.12"/130mm |
| T2 | 5.25"/133mm |
| T5 | 4.75"/119mm |
| T6 | 5.75"/144mm |
| T7 | 5.75"/144mm |
| T8 | 5.50"/138mm |

NOTE: Only CYPRES™ type closing loops are approved for use with "loop-cutter" Automatic Activation Devices. Thicker loops made from other materials are dangerous because they may slow pack opening and reserve deployment.

4.3.3 Cypres ™ AAD Reserve Installation

Only modern, electronic "loop cutter" type AADs have been tested and approved for use with the TALON FS system. The most popular brand of loop cutter AAD is the CYPRES™ manufactured by Airtec GmbH, in Germany. The very small container volumes and closing configuration of TALON FS prevent the use of older style AADs.

The TALON FS comes "CYPRES™-ready" from the factory with all the pockets, channels and other parts necessary for direct installation of the AAD without further modification.

The following instructions tell the rigger how to install a CYPRES[™] in the TALON FS. However, it is important that the rigger also have a current copy of the CYPRES[™] Rigger's Guide to familiarize him or her with the total CYPRES[™] concept. Also, the rigger should have a CYPRES[™] Rigger's Kit containing several useful tools when installing a CYPRES[™].

- **Step 1.** The reserve locking loop supplied with the CYPRESTM <u>MUST</u> be used. Special discs supplied with CYPRESTM must also be used to make knots for locking loop.
- **Step 2.** Adjust locking loop to appropriate length in accordance with Table IV. Install locking loop into container.
- Step 3. Install CYPRESTM processing unit into spandex pocket on divider wall at bottom of reserve container. (Fig 4-1
- **Step 4.** Thread cutter unit up through grommet and then through spandex channel on inside of right reserve side flap. Push cutter through elastic keeper next to grommet and align hole in cutter with grommet. (*Fig 4-2*)



Fig 4-1



Fig 4-2

Step 5. Carefully coil excess cutter cable under Velcro closure flap located on right end of CYPRESTM installation pocket. DO NOT bend or kink excess cable. (*Fig 4-3*)

Step 6. Carefully push control unit through channel on bottom of reserve container from bottom to top. $(Fig\ 4-4)$



Fig 4-3



Fig 4-4

Step 7. Gently slide control unit out through the upper right corner of reserve pack tray (Fig 4-5) and into the spandex pocket at the yoke area. Double check that control button, display and red light are visible in pocket window. (Fig 4-6)

Step 8. Pull slack in control cable back down into pack tray, leaving about 1/2" (1 cm) slack where cable curves into the container. Coil excess cable neatly without kinks or sharp bends into the tunnel pocket on pack tray at the right side of the stiffener plate. (*Fig 4-7*)







Fig 4-5

Fig 4-6

Fig 4-7

4.3.4 Folding the Reserve Parachute

Before you start! Check for recent updates or R.I. Service Bulletins

Telephone: 520.466.2655

FAX: 520.466.2656

Website: www.rigginginnovations.com

List of Recommended Tools:

- 2- Packing weights, 4 Lb. (2 Kg)
- 1- Packing weight, 22 Lb. (10 Kg)
- 5- Plastic or rubber tipped packing clamps, (PONY size 3202) flagged
- 1- Packing paddle 18" (50cm) or longer
- 1- Pull-up cord (microline), 72" (1.82m)
- 1- Gun Cleaning Rod, .22-CALIBER (5.56mm)
- 1- Knee-board or V-type closing plate
- 1- Temporary pin flagged



Fig 4-8

!! WARNING !!

If T-Bars or "Positive Leverage Closing Devices" are used to close TALON FS containers, operate them with caution! These tools can damage containers and cause impossible ripcord pull forces!

Reserve Parachute Pro Packing Instructions

1-Basic layout and setting up packing clamps

Anchor the risers at the connector links including the steering lines. (*Fig. 4-9*)

Place packing weight on top of it.



Fig 4-9

Pull the slider down to the connector links. Make sure the tapes face upwards towards the canopy. (Fig 4-10)



Fig 4-10

Lay the canopy on its right side. (Note: A mirror image of the layout is permissible).

Flake the canopy so that the top seams are even. Place a clamp on the top of the canopy in line with each line attachment point as in the photo. (Fig 4-11)

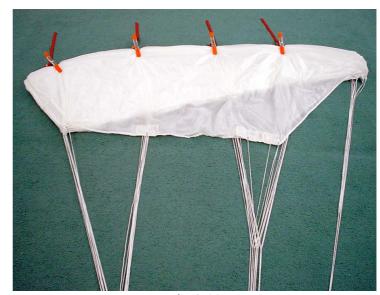
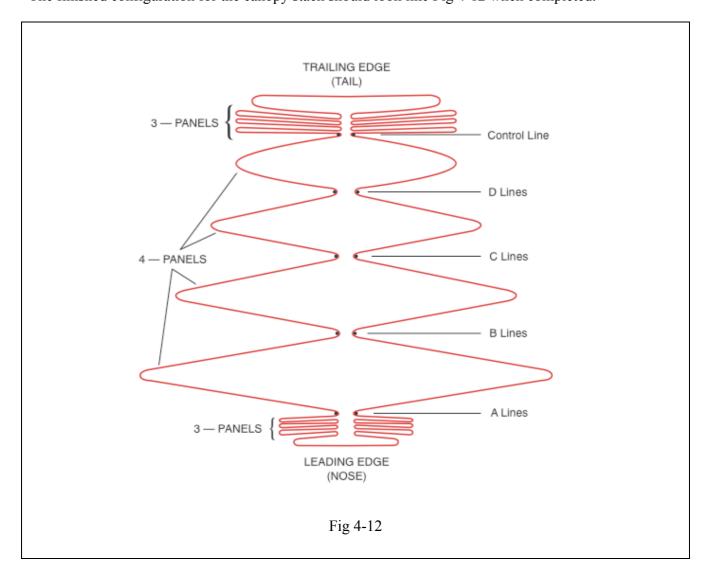


Fig 4-11

Note: The step of shaping the canopy stack and the molar ears is very much subject to individual technique. The shape of the TALON FS reserve container and bag is more rounded at the top as opposed to other more tapered designs such as the Talon 2. This is in keeping with the curve of the TALON FS profile. While not significantly different from other designs, the rigger should do a couple of practice pack jobs on their first TALON FS container to get the feel for the balance and bulk distribution of a particular TALON FS /canopy combination. The ears of the molar bag are designed to accept more bulk to create the "TALON FS" curve.

2-Stacking and folding the reserve canopy

The finished configuration for the canopy stack should look like Fig 4-12 when completed.



Pull tension on the "A" lines. Split the leading edge in half (Fig 4-13).



Fold half under "A"-lines (Figs 4-14 and 4-15)



Fig 4-14

Pick up the "B" lines by the clamp and hold vertically over the "A" clamp (Fig 4-16)

Note the spread of the leading edge panels.

Fig 4-16

Next stack the "B" lines on top of the "A" lines while distributing the cells equally to both sides. (Fig 4-17)

Keep the center cell in the middle.



Fig 4-17

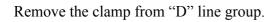
Repeat this step with the "C" (Fig 4-18)



Fig 4-18

and "D" line groups (Fig 4-19)

Split the trailing edge and separate the control lines into right and left groups (Fig 4-20).



Hold down the "D" lines at the line attachment points and pull down the control lines. (Fig 4-21)

Do not disturb the center of the canopy stack.



Fig 4-19



Fig 4-20



Fig 4-21

Set the deployment brakes and stow the excess line in the Velcro keepers. (Fig. 4-22).

The finished toggles should look like Fig. 4-23

Fold all the trailing edge to one side then pull the stabilizer panel taut (Fig 4-24).



Fig 4-22



Fig 4-23



Fig 4-24

Flake the trailing edge of the canopy starting with the outboard control lines. Fold each cell in half on top of the "D" line group (Fig. 4-25) until you get to the center.

Repeat with the opposite side.



Fig 4-25

3- Place canopy into the deployment bag and stowing the lines

Make sure all suspension lines are taut and towards the center of the pack job. (Fig 4-26)



Fig 4-26

Pull slider up to the slider stops.

Fold the center of the trailing edge back to expose the center of the "wind channel". (Fig. 4-27)



Fig 4-27

Create an "S" fold in the stack. (Fig. 4-28)

Position a packing paddle at a third of the way up from the bottom of the canopy length on top of the stack. Place a gun cleaning rod at half the distance between the bottom and the packing paddle under the stack. (Fig. 4-29)

Pull the rod up and move the canopy with paddle towards container.

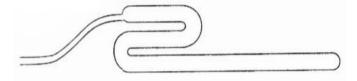


Fig 4-28



Fig 4-29

Pull the top center cell panel down to the bottom of the stack.

Wrap the center cell around the folded canopy with the left and right about halfway to the center, then secure with clamps, starting at the bottom (Fig. 4-30).

The width of the folded canopy needs to be the width of the freebag plus 2 in (5cm).

Continue to wrap the center cell around the canopy stack and secure with additional clamps (Fig. 4-31).

Lift the base of the folded canopy and slide the reserve bag underneath. The grommets in the tongue of the bag should be even with the bottom of the stack (Fig. 4-32).



Fig 4-30



Fig 4-31



Fig 4-32

Make a second "S" fold to match Fig. 4-33.



Fig 4-33



Fig 4-34



Fig 4-35

The resultant fold is as Fig 4-35

Split the loose fabric at the top to form two "ears" (Fig 4-35).

Gather the center cell material along the middle seam until you reach the bottom along the middle seam. (Fig. 4-36)

Roll the material under but do not cover the center cell (Fig. 4-37).

Hold down the center cell material and then shape the molar folds (Fig. 4-38).



Fig 4-36



Fig 4-37



Fig 4-38

Fold the ends of the molar folds under to create the bulk necessary to fill the top of the reserve bag (Fig. 4-39).



Fig 4-39

When placing the canopy in the bag, allow the folded canopy to stick out 2-3 inches at the mouth of the bag to fill the corners of the reserve container (Fig. 4-40).



Fig 4-40

Close bag and secure with the locking stows (Fig. 4-41).



Fig 4-41

Shape the bag. The shape of the bag should reflect the desired shape of the reserve container.

Cover any exposed hook VelcroTM to avoid contact with the lines. (Fig. 4-42)

Now make clean line stows the same width as the line stow pocket.

Stow the lines neatly leaving sufficient line between the bag and riser ends (Fig 4-43).



Fig 4-42



Fig 4-43

5-Closing the Container

Place reserve risers into the pack tray. (Fig. 4-44)

Spread the risers with the rear riser to the outside to minimize the bulk against the back pad.

Place free-bag into the container and S-fold the bridle on top between the molar shaped canopy ears. (Fig. 4-45)



Fig 4-44



Fig 4-45

Fold the top yoke portion of the bag over the bridle. (Fig. 4-46)

Secure in place with a clamp. (Fig. 4-47)



Fig 4-46



Fig 4-47

Use the gun cleaning rod to thread the pullup cord through Stealth pilot chute from bottom to top. (Fig. 4-48).



Fig 4-48

Center the base of the pilot chute on center grommet of freebag.

Compress pilot chute while stuffing fabric and mesh between the spring coils.

Position the cap of the pilot chute with the arrow facing toward top or bottom of container. (Fig. 4-49).

Secure with temporary pin.



Fig 4-49

WARNING! Do not leave fabric outside of spring coils as a coil lock could occur and pilot chute launch may be inhibited!

If an AAD such as a CypresTM is installed, route the pull-up cord through the cutter first then through the right (#1)side flap grommet. (Fig. 4-50)



Fig 4-50

Next thread the left (#2) side flap grommet. Simultaneously close the side flaps (Fig. 4-51). Secure with temporary pin.



Fig 4-51

Use a packing paddle to insert the tuck-in flaps between the bottom of the deployment bag and the floor of the reserve container. (Fig. 4-53).



Fig 4-53

Close flap #4 and insert ripcord pin (Fig. 4-54).



Fig 4-54

CAUTION: Place closing plate on bottom edge of inner top flap. Placing closing plate or kneeling on pin protector flap will kink or break the flap. The rigger should determine how tight the closing loop is and decide whether to perform a pull test.

WARNING: MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE PULL FORCE ON RESERVE RIPCORD IS 22 POUNDS (10 KG).

Once the rigger is satisfied that pull force is less than 22 pounds (10 Kg) seal ripcord and log pack job in your logbook and in the Packing data card.

Place the data card in the data card pocket (Fig 4-55).



Fig 4-55

COUNT YOUR TOOLS!

- 2- Packing weights, 4 Lb. (2 Kg)
- 1- Packing weight, 22 Lb. (10 Kg)
- 5- Plastic or rubber tipped packing clamps, (PONY size 3202) flaged
- 1- Packing Paddle 18" (50cm) or longer
- 1- Pull-up cord (microline), 72" (1.82m)
- 1- Gun Cleaning Rod, .22 CALIBER (5.56mm)
- 1- Knee-board or V-type Closing Plate
- 1- Temporary pin flagged

COMPLETE PLACARD DATA ON ORANGE WARNING LABEL. FAILURE TO COMPLETE ORANGE WARNING LABEL WILL VOID THE TSO.

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